Name: _

Test on:

1. What are **two ways** we learn about the past?

We look at primary sources such as: old pictures, artifacts, journals, old maps, and letters.

2. Who were the earliest people to live in Michigan?

The Native Americans:

The Hopewell Indians and the Three Fires (Ottawa, Potawatomi & Ojibwa)

3. The first **American Indians** left artifacts. What is an artifact? Give an example of an artifact they left.

An artifact is an item from the past. For example: arrowhead

4. Why did the French come to Michigan?

At first they were looking for a route to China and stayed to trade furs.

5. Why did the American Indians trade with the French?

The French had things that the Native Americans wanted such as guns, knives and pots & pans.

6. Why did the French built forts because?

To protect them from the British who were interested in taking over the fur trade.

7. Who won the war? Then what happened?

The British won the French and Indian war (The Seven Year Wart) and took the fur trade and Michigan from the French.

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8. What were some challenges that early pioneers faced?

- They had rocky and muddy reads to travel on.
- They had to cross rivers without bridges.
- They faced wild animals.
- They had to cross over a mountain range.

9. What was Michigan a part of the before it became a state?

First Michigan was a part of the Northwest Territory, then later it became the Michigan Territory.

10. What did Michigan need to do to become a state?

- They had to have enough people. (60,000)
- They had to solve the Toledo Strip Conflict.
- They had to create a state constitution.

11. What date did Michigan become a state?

Michigan became a state on January 26, 1837 and was the 26th state of the United States.